

WEATHER

Thursday and Friday fair, not much change in temperature.

The Bisbee Daily Review

Associated Press Special Leased Wire Service

COPPER PRICE
Copper—Month ending Mar. 1, M. & E. Journal, quotation, 16.76.

VOL. 21, NO. 255.

THE BISBEE DAILY REVIEW, THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1919.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

U. S. TO RETAIN RAILROADS DESPITE LACK OF FUNDS

GOVERNORS IN HEATED DEBATE AT CONFERENCE

Resolutions Ask Government to Operate Railroads to Aid All U. S. Private Industries

Price Schedules Commended by Body; Lower Freight Rates on Materials Urged

(By Review Leased Wire)
WASHINGTON, March 5.—Bitter controversy raged in the conference of governors and mayors today before the report of the committee on resolutions making a great variety of recommendations on public questions, finally was adopted. Even after the vote was taken, delegates from the west, led by Mayor Ralph of San Francisco, attempted to force a record vote to show that they dissented from the majority, but were overruled by Secretary of Labor Wilson, who presided.

Adjournment was taken after Mayor Ralph and Governor Cox of Ohio, chairman of the committee on resolutions, had risen on questions of personal privilege concerning the championship of opposing sides in the debate.

The resolutions which Governor Cox announced, submitted unanimously after elimination of all partisan subjects, condemned doctrines which inveigh against God and government. They also recommended that the government should "not only prepare for the transportation necessities of property, but use the railroads as the means of helping private industry," by carrying out the program of improvements.

Sanction Price Fixing
Expressly disclaiming approval of fixing of costs, the resolutions sanctioned government approval of price schedules as a step toward establishing a new basis of values. Reduction of freight rates on all building material, especially road material, was suggested. It was declared that reduction of wages should come only as a result of reduced living costs.

Recommendation was made that the federal government continue its "helpful offices" with a view to averting "serious consequences" in the financial affairs of public utilities. Settlement of government contracts, lifting of governmental restrictions on industry and materials as soon as possible and continuation of the federal survey of natural resources started during the war were asked. The conference also deplored discontinuance of federal employment agencies, and urged demobilization of the army by local draft boards.

Hoan Opposes Section
The section relating to public utilities was opposed vigorously by Mayor Hoan of Milwaukee, who moved that it be stricken out, the motion being supported by Mayor Meyers of Minneapolis, E. M. Harber of Kansas City and others. Mayor Hoan wanted to know who sent the "stacks of telegrams" which Governor Cox represented had reached the committee favoring the declaration. He and Mayor Meyers declared the clause interfered with local sovereignty, and Mr. Harber said aid like that given by the war board in the Kansas City strike did more harm than good.

Mayor Baker of Portland, Ore., answering for his colleagues of the committee, Governor Cox, Governor Bilbo of Mississippi, Governor Sprout of Pennsylvania, Mayor Peters of Boston and George Foster Peabody, representing the governor of New York, said the telegrams had been addressed to President Wilson, who sent them to the committee.

"They came from the traction interests," shouted Mayor Hoan.

"Don't get excited," the Portland executive replied. "I've pulled that corporation stuff just as you are doing and it goes well with your constituents, but I advocate this section because we ought to have some government agency to help us in difficulties which cannot be settled locally."

Motion to strike out the clause was defeated, 24 to 21.

The controversy between Governor Cox and Mayor Ralph arose out of a resolution which the mayor introduced early in the day, demanding that

\$500,000 Loss And Four Dead In Big Tornado

MOBILE, Ala., March 5.—At least three towns in southern Alabama were swept today by a tornado. Great property damage and some loss of life has been reported. The towns struck, were Eufaula, Pollard and Flomaton. At Eufaula, a town of about 6000, E. J. Zarzy was killed by falling debris and three other men are reported to have been caught beneath a falling building. The property loss at Eufaula was estimated in early reports at \$500,000. Practically every residence was said to have been damaged and a number of business houses destroyed. Several buildings were destroyed at Pollard.

12,000 TELEPHONE WORKERS STRIKE

Employees on Pacific Coast Announce Walkout as Raise Is Denied

(By Review Leased Wire)
SAN FRANCISCO, Mar. 5.—A strike of 9000 telephone operators and 3000 linemen in California, Washington, Oregon and Nevada was announced here today by the executive council of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, in the event that Postmaster General Burleson does not speedily grant the wage demands of the brotherhood.

T. C. Robbins, representative of L. C. Grasser, vice-president of the organization, received a telegram from Charles P. Ford, secretary of the brotherhood, indicating that a referendum of the workers in the four states mentioned favored a strike.

Robbins said he understood that the strike order would apply to all portions of the United States where recent referendum votes followed demands made on Burleson, unless the federal administration of wire utilities granted the demands in full.

GIRL WHO SHOT AT W. J. BURNS INSANE

(By Review Leased Wire)
NEW YORK, Mar. 5.—Miss Gertrude Wormworth, who fired two shots at William J. Burns, a detective here, Monday, was committed to Bellevue hospital for observation after dismissal of charges against her of attempted felonious assault in violation of Sullivan law.

Burns testified he recognized the girl as one who had visited his office a long time ago and requested him to investigate the death of a friend. He said he advised her mother at the time to have her examined and now believes the girl is the author of several anonymous letters received by him since.

ARMENIA WANTS U. S. TO BE MANDATORY

(By Review Leased Wire)
WASHINGTON, March 5.—Myran Sevasley, chairman of the Armenian National Council of America, was in Washington today conferring with officials regarding the question of the United States becoming the mandatory for Armenia under the proposed league of nations. Mr. Sevasley said the people of Armenia desired that the United States act as mandatory and did not wish to have a European nation as mentor.

QUEEN MARY FLEES TO FRANCE CAPITAL

(By Review Leased Wire)
PARIS, March 5.—(Havas)—Queen Marie of Rumania, accompanied by her daughters, the Princesses Elizabeth, Marie and Ileana, arrived in Paris this morning. They received a warm welcome.

A dispatch from Geneva, February 23, said the queen of Rumania and her daughter, Princess Elizabeth, had fled from Bucharest for England, fearing a revolution in Rumania.

PORK AND PRODUCTS REMOVED FROM WAR EXPORT CONSERVATION LIST BY TRADE BOARD

PRICES WILL SOAR, SAYS FOOD CHIEF

Rescinding of Regulations Governing Sale of Hogs to Force Cost Up, Is Belief

Food Administration Asserts Pork Quotation Will Jump Under Trade Board Rule

(By Review Leased Wire)
WASHINGTON, March 5.—Removal of pork and pork products from the export conservation list was announced tonight by the war trade board, effective tomorrow.

At the same time the board rescinded the regulations by which all applications for licenses to export these commodities to European destinations were required to bear a certificate from the food administration showing that the administration had approved the sale price.

The food administration in an announcement simultaneously said this action would destroy its ability further to stabilize the price of live hogs and that it probably would result in the price of hogs and pork increasing beyond the stabilized prices which the administration had desired to continue to March 31.

Commission Dissolved
The war trade board's announcement also said that it had been advised that the allied provisions export commission had been dissolved and that purchases of foodstuffs for shipment to Great Britain, France and Italy would no longer be made by that commission. This commission was organized early in the war and all foodstuffs for the allies bought in America were purchased through it.

With removal of pork and products from the conservation list, the board announced that these commodities could be exported freely to the United Kingdom, France, Italy, Belgium, Japan or Greece, or their colonies, possessions or protectorates under the special export license issued February 26.

Officials of the food administration had expected to reach an agreement before the first of the month on continuance of minimum prices for hogs, but after conferences with the war trade board and President Wilson it was announced no decision would be possible until the president could consider the whole matter of export embargoes.

Two Statements Issued
Two statements were issued tonight by the food administration. One dealt entirely with the effect of the war trade board's order. The other said that Governor Stuart of Virginia, chairman of the national agricultural advisory committee, has sent to "his committee and to the swine producers committee a statement endorsing and warmly commending the earnest, but unavailing efforts of the food administration," to maintain the minimum price for hogs.

The statement regarding the board's action said in part:

"The practical effect of this action of the war trade board is to destroy the ability of the United States food administration to further stabilize the price of live hogs. It was the desire and has been the endeavor of the food administration to continue this stabilization as heretofore and until March 31, when the normal marketing period of hogs farrowed in the spring of 1918 would have terminated.

"The whole program of stabilization of prices was the outgrowth of the imperative necessity for stimulated hog production for war needs at a time when a dangerous shortage of fats threatened the entire allied world.

"90 Per Cent Sold
"The obligation with respect to the pigs farrowed in the spring of 1918 with the marketing of September, and would have been terminated March 31. From 85 to 90 per cent of these hogs have been sold. The European de-

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President Will Rest Until He Reaches France

ON BOARD THE U. S. S. GEORGE WASHINGTON, March 5.—(By Wireless to the Associated Press)—President Wilson laid aside his work this afternoon after several hours at his desk and spent the remainder of the day in various forms of diversion.

The president expects to do as little as possible for the next two or three days and is looking forward to a brief vacation after the busy days since he landed at Boston.

HUGHES' CHARGES STIR ALL CANADA

Former Minister Declares that Men Needlessly Sacrificed in War

(By Review Leased Wire)
TORONTO, Mar. 5.—All Canada has been stirred by charges made in the house of commons by R. Sam Hughes, former minister of militia, that officers commanding the dominion's forces in France had needlessly sacrificed the lives of their men in order to advance themselves. Although his allegations were assumed to refer to Sir Arthur Currie, commander in chief of the Canadian forces, there is apparent tonight a strong inclination in many quarters to disagree with him. Soldiers who served overseas already have taken up the cudgels in support of General Currie.

Sir Sam opened his attack with the announcement that he had protested several times to Premier Borden "against the waste of Canadian boys' lives in unnecessary stunts on the battle field." He then read a letter he had sent to Sir Robert Borden protesting against what he termed "needless slaughter at Cambrai and stating that he had drawn attention of the prime ministers on previous occasions to the "massacres at Lens, Passchendaele, etc., where the only apparent object was to glorify the general in command and make it impossible, through butchery, to have a fifth and sixth division and two army corps."

He declared that any general who would undertake the attack at Cambrai by suburban or street fighting should be tried by court martial. The same was true, he said, of the officer who had ordered the shooting of Mous four hours before the signing of the armistice. This he characterized as a bit of theatrical display which had cost the lives of many fine Canadian boys who could ill be spared.

Some of the newspapers hint that Sir Sam's attack was inspired by chagrin at the failure of his son, General Garnet Hughes, to get to France as the commander of a fifth brigade of Canadians but all are unanimous in their assertion that the charges call for an immediate and thorough investigation. General Currie was an appointee of Sir Sam's when he was minister of militia.

ROMANIAN PRIESTS SEEK U. S. PROTECTION

(By Review Leased Wire)
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Mar. 5.—Claiming that Archbishop Alexander of New York, who recently was elected head of the newly formed Russian Orthodox church in North America, has assumed jurisdiction over their church without consent and against their protest, 20 Romanian priests, in conference here yesterday and today are said to have decided to appeal to the federal courts for protection.

URGENT AID FOR IRELAND

(By Review Leased Wire)
CONCORD, N. H., Mar. 5.—The state house of representatives today adopted a resolution urging President Wilson to use his influence to secure the right of self determination for Ireland.

MAIN PEACE TALK WILL BEGIN TODAY

David Lloyd George Arrives in Paris for Discussion on Big Points of Treaty

Neutral Strip Between Germany and France Virtually Decided on by Powers

PARIS, March 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—David Lloyd George, the British prime minister, arrived in Paris by special train this evening. He was accompanied by the Duke of Connaught.

PARIS, March 5.—The arrival of the British prime minister, David Lloyd George, in Paris tonight, is the prelude to the discussion of the main questions of the peace treaty by the council of the great powers, which will begin tomorrow and continue during President Wilson's stay.

The question to be determined tomorrow relates to the military and naval terms of the enemy disarmament as framed by Marshal Foch and the joint military and naval advisers. These were originally framed as terms of the armistice, but now are changed so as to be a part of the permanent peace treaty.

To Lunch With House
Premier Lloyd George and Colonel House will have lunch together prior to tomorrow's meeting at which the British and American positions will doubtless be co-ordinated, as President Wilson's views on the subject are understood to have been known by cable and wireless.

The subjects of reparation for war damages and the western German frontier will follow the military and naval terms. It is understood that an agreement has virtually been reached on the amount of reparation to be inserted in the peace treaty. This is far less than either the French or British estimates as originally submitted, but is still a vast sum, running into billions of dollars.

The western German frontier is also practically settled, one of the main features being a neutralized or "sterilized" strip along the west bank of the Rhine, which will insure an adequate buffer between France and any renewed German aggression.

The council of the great powers today heard the case of King Nicholas of Montenegro, which was presented by General Gvozdenovich, Montenegrin minister at Washington. It was a protest by the venerable monarch against losing his throne and having his country absorbed by the new Jugo-Slav state.

Protest Los of Throne
Incidentally the protest involves the issue between Italy and Jugo-Slavia. King Nicholas is the father of the queen of Italy, so that Montenegro's position has not been clearly defined in the issue between Italy and the new state, which seems to embrace Montenegro.

The council also considered food relief for Bohemia and other sections of southeastern Europe, where the warring factions still make it difficult to forward supplies. It developed during the session today that the Jugo-Slav frontier, which had been closed against Italy and threatened to precipitate a crisis with that country has been reopened.

HOWARD C. CHRISTY FILES DIVORCE SUIT

(By Review Leased Wire)
ZANESVILLE, Ohio, Mar. 5.—Howard Chandler Christy, the artist, has filed a petition for divorce from Mrs. Maybelle Thompson Christy, his wife and former model. The artist charges gross neglect of duty, wilful absence and embarrassing him by her mode of living.

Christy filed suit for divorce three years ago but the action was dismissed.

The Christys were married in 1899. They have one daughter, Natalie, aged 19, who is a student at Wellesley college.

Henry Ford to Build New and Cheaper Car

LOS ANGELES Cal., March 5.—Henry Ford left for his home in Detroit today, after announcing that on his arrival there he would perfect plans for the manufacture, by a new corporation, of a cheaper automobile, to sell for a lower price than any now extensively marketed. Mr. Ford said he had designed the car while "resting" at Altadena, near here.

SCHOOL HEAD MAY GET \$18,000 YEAR

Chicago Superintendent's Salary Will Be Largest in Country

(By Review Leased Wire)
CHICAGO, Mar. 5.—Charles E. Chadsey, superintendent of Detroit's schools, today was elected superintendent of the Chicago schools by the board of education, on recommendation by a special commission of nine prominent Chicagoans.

It is expected that at the next board meeting a motion will be introduced adhering to the rules requiring a week's notice, to increase the new superintendent's salary to \$18,000.

Because of a provision in the rules which would have meant delay, a proposal to increase the salary from \$12,000 to \$18,000 was withdrawn.

The \$18,000 salary, if paid, will be the largest paid any city school superintendent in the country, or to any university president, so far as announced.

Mr. Chadsey is a native of Nebraska City, Neb., is 49 years old, and was educated at Leland Stanford, Jr., and Columbia universities. He first became prominent at district superintendent and then superintendent in Denver. He went to Detroit in 1912.

EHMKE RECEIVES DISCHARGE

(By Review Leased Wire)
LOS ANGELES, Calif., Mar. 5.—Howard Ehmke former pitcher for the Detroit American league baseball club, was discharged from the navy today at San Pedro, near here, and immediately signed a contract to play the 1919 season with Detroit.

PARIS, March 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—The central commission on territorial questions at its meeting tonight elected Andre Tardieu of the French peace delegation president. The task of the commission is to co-ordinate all decisions of the special territorial commissions. In particular it will have to fix the lines between the different frontiers traced by the various commissions. It also will discuss questions not reserved for special consideration by the council of ten.

LONDON, March 5.—The British government has decided to release all Irish political prisoners, says the Daily Mail today. In order to prevent a great public demonstration, the newspaper adds the prisoners will return to Ireland in small batches.

BERLIN, March 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—Vorwaerts, the socialist organ, reports that the secret ballot taken on the strike issue in 80 Berlin plants showed more than 20,000 workers opposed to it and 7,900 in favor of a strike. The workmen in numerous factories, the newspaper adds, were tampered into a strike by the radicals Monday before the soviet took official action.

ROADS WILL BORROW IN OPEN MARKET

War Finance Corporation May Contribute \$337,000,000 Toward Financing Systems

Lines Either Get Money or Curtail Expenditures, Is Announcement of Directors

(By Review Leased Wire)
WASHINGTON, Mar. 5.—The government today determined to retain the railroads despite the failure to provide funds for the railroad administration and to have the roads finance themselves for the next few months through private loans on the open market or through advances by the war finance corporation.

Efforts will be made to maintain operations on a normal scale and to carry on as much of the improvement program as possible, in order to avoid throwing employees out of work or otherwise disturbing industrial conditions. No attempt will be made to solve the problem by raising rates. These assurances were given by Director General Hines in a public statement and in an address to the conference of governors and mayors meeting here. At the same time, it developed that the war finance corporation has about \$337,000,000 resources available and much of this may go to railroads to supplement the sums they can borrow until congress meets again and has opportunity to appropriate funds.

Officials Optimistic
After protracted conferences between Secretary Glass and other officials of the treasury and war finance corporation, it was stated that means probably would be developed to keep the railroads off the money market as much as possible, and minimize interference with the forthcoming Victory Liberty loan.

Although officials appeared optimistic, they explained that much manipulating of financial machinery would be necessary, and a definite program could not be developed for some time. Their somewhat cheerful attitude was in contrast to the rather pessimistic utterances of Secretary Glass and Director General Hines before the senate appropriations committee in

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Late News Bulletins

BERLIN, Tuesday, March 4.—(By the Associated Press.)—Gustav Noske, minister of defense, has ordered the troops to arrest all strikers or leaders who are guilty of rioting or intimidating workmen.

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DASVNPOT, Iowa, March 5.—Martin Plestina of Chicago, won two straight falls from J. O. Visser, a local wrestler tonight in 45 and six minutes.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 5.—Ed "Stranger" Lewis threw John Freberg with a headlock in one hour, 33 minutes and 30 seconds in a wrestling bout here tonight. Freberg was knocked unconscious and although he came back for the second bout, declined to continue the match.

BOSTON, March 5.—Lieutenant David Henry, captain of the 1913 Brown university football eleven, died of pneumonia in a hospital at St. Nazaire, France, February 14, according to a notice from his parents in the Dorchester district tonight. Lieutenant Henry was selected by many football experts as a member of the 1913 all-American eleven.

WEIMAR, Tuesday, March 4.—(By the Associated Press.)—The first reading of the constitution was concluded today and the bill was referred to a committee of 28.